

### NEXT GENERATION NICOTINE DELIVERY CONFERENCE 2016

Demonstrating risk reduction in the fast paced world of next generation tobacco and nicotine products

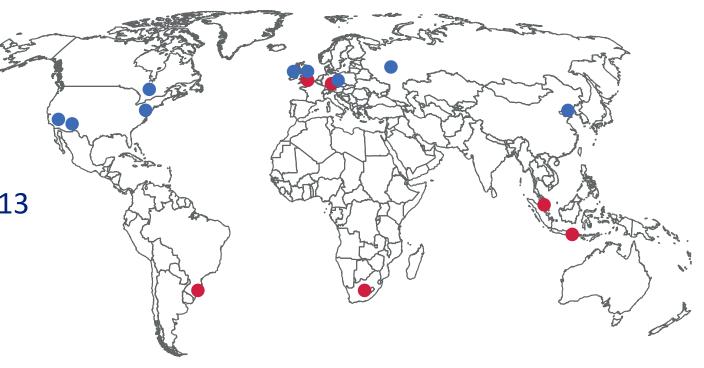
James Murphy | Research and Development, British American Tobacco

- Insight into BAT R&D
- Evolution of next generation products across the risk spectrum
- Multidisciplinary approach to demonstrate the reduced risk potential of next generation products
- Source of emission toxicants and data on e-cigarettes
- Bridging data between product variants: A new requirement in the fast paced world of next generation products

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## R&D at British American Tobacco

- Global R&D reach
- 1200 scientists and technologists
- > 50 scientific disciplines
- £0.5Bn R&D expenditure since 2013
- 2010–15, over 3000 patents filed, over 1800 granted



BAT Sites

Collab

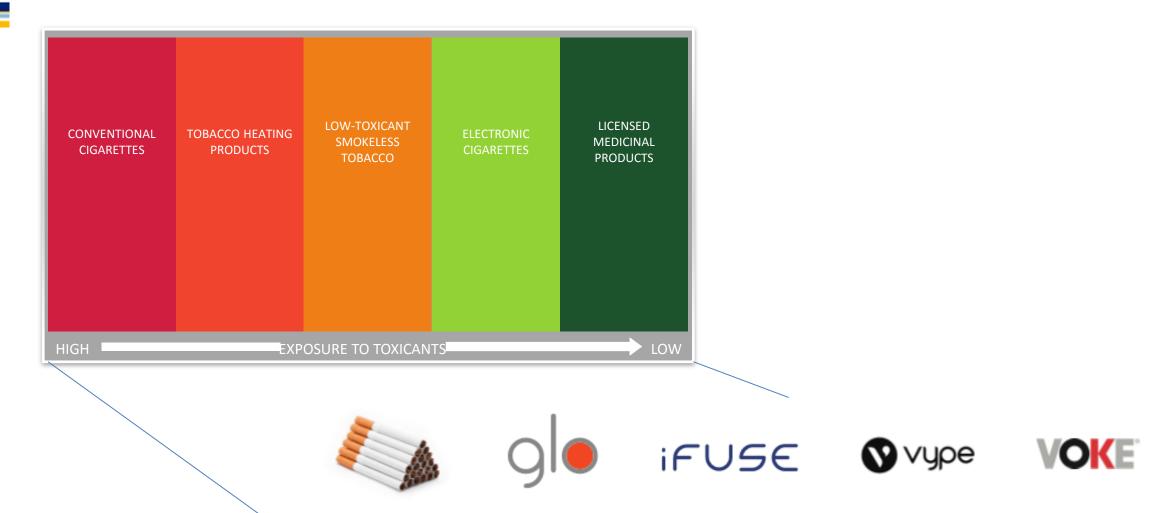
Collaborators

## An open approach to R&D

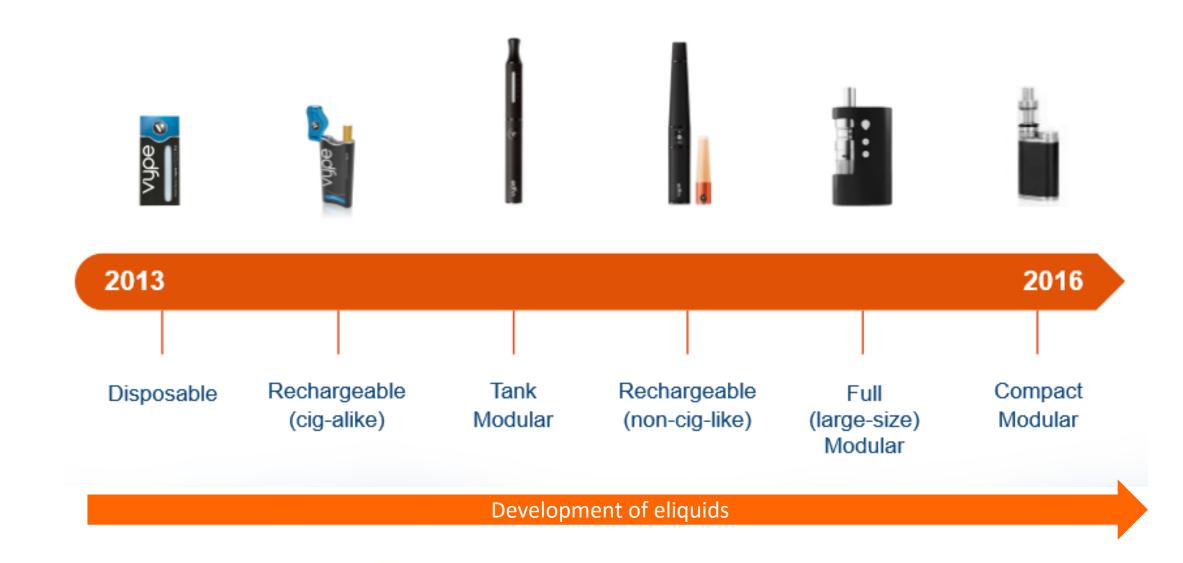


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## BAT is investing in a range of products across the risk spectrum



## E-cigarettes have evolved rapidly



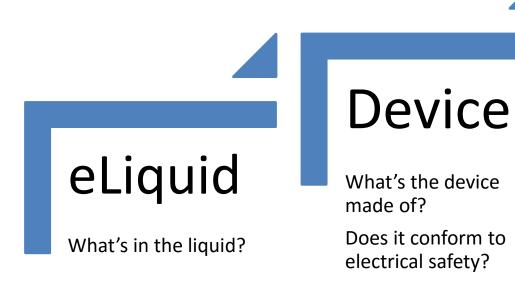
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# Consumer safety testing of e-cigarettes What do we need to know?

# Stewardship of e-cigarette flavours

S. Costigan and C. Meredith *Regul Toxicol Pharmacol* **72:** 361–369, 2015



## Product

What's in the vapour?

How stable is the product over time?

How is it used?

Assessing the potential for reduced risk Multi-platform testing to assess impact on individual and population risk

Population risk reduction

Individual risk reduction

Toxicant exposure reduction

Stewardship science

- 10) Post-market surveillance
- 9) Consumer perception study
- 8) Biomarker of effect study
- 7) Systems Science
- 6) In vitro models of disease
- 5) Exposure and pharmacokinetic studies
- 4) Computational toxicology
- 3) In vitro regulatory toxicology
- 2) Chemical and physical characterisation
- 1) Product design stability

Purpose Type of study



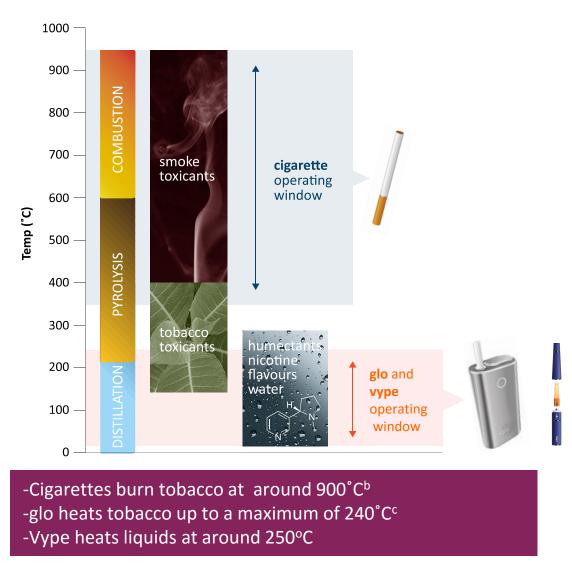
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## TOXICANTS CAUSE HARM (NOT NICOTINE)

What is the source of toxicants in NGPs

	Cigarettes	THP	Vapour
Approximate number of compounds found in aerosol	>6,500	100-1000	10-100
Toxicants from burning tobacco	Yes	Trace	No tobacco
Toxicants transferred from tobacco	Yes	Yes	No tobacco
Other potential sources of toxicants	Combustion / pyrolysis of cigarette paper	-Thermal degradation of PG/VG & flavours -Leachables from device materials	<ul><li>-thermal degradation</li><li>of PG/VG &amp; flavours</li><li>-Leachables from</li><li>device materials</li></ul>

## NGPs deliver a different aerosol to cigarette smoke<sup>a</sup>



## There is a growing consensus on e-cigarettes harm reduction potential



Kevin Fenton, Public Health Director of Health and Wellbeing: "The wider body of evidence consistently finds that e-cigarettes are less harmful than smoking"

*E-cigarettes:* an evidence update

"The current best estimate is that e-cigarettes are around 95% less harmful than smoking"



Nicotine without smoke: tobacco harm reduction "Promote e-cigarettes widely as substitute for smoking" says new RCP report



Electronic cigarettes (also known as vapourisers)
"Compared to tobacco products, electronic cigarettes are significantly safer"

# Products assessed in this study to compare e-cigarette aerosol with cigarette smoke

	Visual	Description	Aerosol generation
Reference cigarette		US blend (3R4F) reference cigarette from the University of Kentucky, US	Combustion and pyrolysis of tobacco
Vype e-Pen	vype Open Control of the Control of	A closed system vaping device	Heating of a tobacco-free, flavoured nicotine solution



# Complexity of cigarette smoke compared with e-cigarette aerosol\*





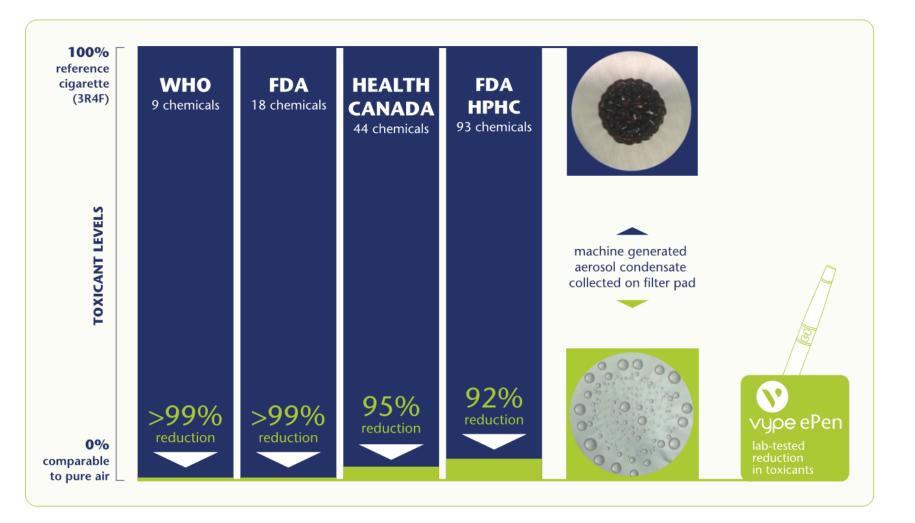
<sup>\*</sup>These qualities do not necessarily mean this product produces less adverse health effects than tobacco products



## CHEMICAL CHARACTERISATION

## Reduced levels of toxicants\*





1. McAdam et al (2016) Chem
Res Tox, in press (doi:
10.021/acs.chemrestox.6b00
188)

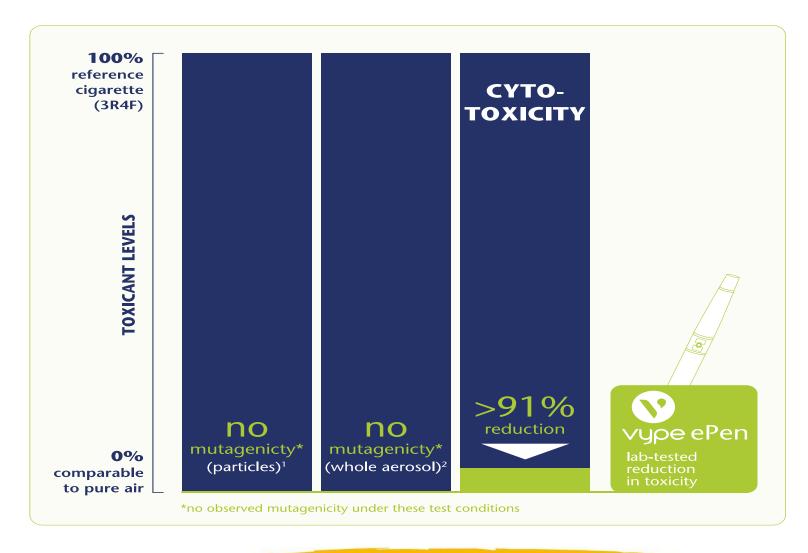
Substantial reductions in toxicant levels observed versus cigarettes for all regulatory lists under these test conditions

<sup>\*</sup>These qualities do not necessarily mean this product produces less adverse health effects than tobacco products

## IN VITRO REGULATORY TOXICOLOGY

## Reduced toxicity\*





- 1. Thorne et al (2016)

  Mutation Research –

  Genetic Toxicology

  and Environmental

  Mutagenesis, in press
- 2. Azzopardi et al (2016)
  Toxicology
  Mechanisms and
  Methods, Vol. 26, Iss.
  6, 477-491, 2016

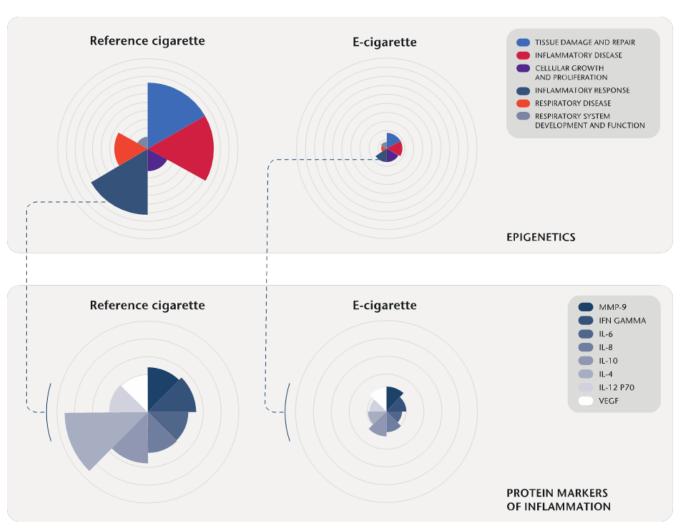
Reductions in aerosol toxicant reductions lead to reductions in lab based toxicological tests

<sup>\*</sup>These qualities do not necessarily mean this product produces less adverse health effects than tobacco products

## SYSTEMS SCIENCE

## Systems science relevant to regulators\*





1. Banerjee *et al* (2016) *Applied in vitro toxicology*, in press

Systems science allows us to assess multiple disease end points in lab based models

ePen has greatly reduced responses to disease relevant tests in lab based models

Markers of disease and function after exposure to emissions from areference cigarette and an e-cigarette.

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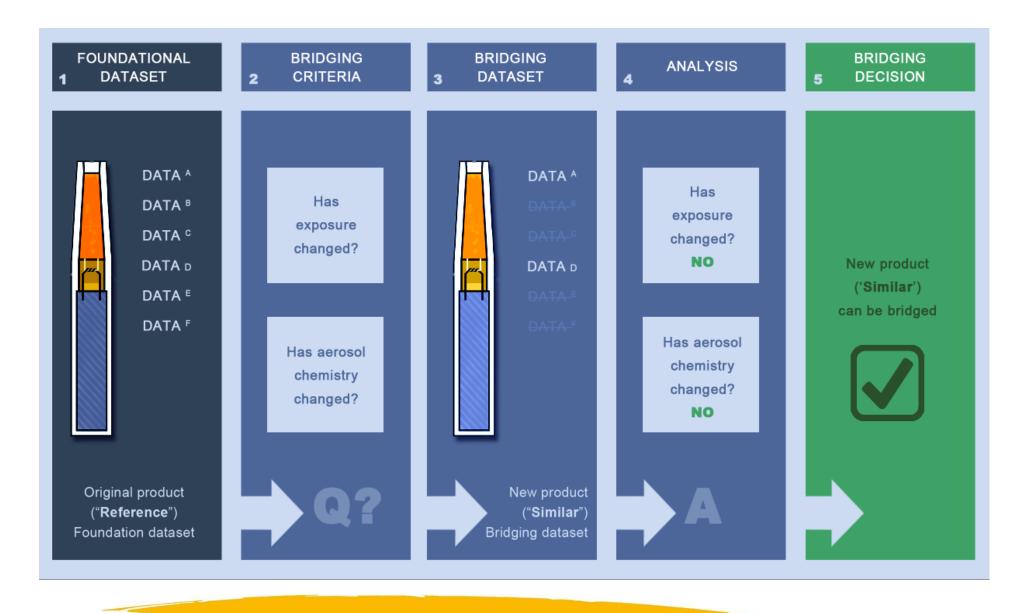
## **Product bridging**

- Next generation product innovation is occurring at a rapid pace
- Science packages are required for eg. safety assessments, regulatory submissions and / or substantiation of risk reduction
- Conundrum: can we bridge data between product variants in the fast paced world of next generation products?

## Product bridging

- Yes this is happening today in the world of 'similar' and 'bio-similars'
- Modified pharma industry approach to bridging could be applied in the nicotine and tobacco product context
- Foundation datasets on the original product variant ('reference') can be added to on a "need" basis to allow bridging to the new variant ('similar')

## Proposed principles of product bridging





- BAT is active in all categories across the risk spectrum
- Consumer safety framework established and published for e-cigarettes
- Vype ePen assessed versus a reference cigarette in laboratory tests and showed that it has the potential to be a reduced risk product
- A workable framework for bridging data between product variants is required





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